

## UNIVERSAL FUNCTIONS ON $H^\infty(B^n)$

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ABSTRACT. We will report on a fairly recent paper with Pamela Gorkin, whose principal result is a theorem about universal functions on  $H^\infty(B^n)$ , where  $B^n$  is the  $\ell_2$ -ball in  $\mathbb{C}^n$ . P. S. Chee showed that there is a sequence  $(L_k)$  of automorphisms of  $B^n$  to which one can associate a universal function  $f \in H^\infty(B^n)$ ,  $\|f\| = 1$ . That is, the set  $\{f \circ L_k \mid k \in \mathbb{N}\}$  is dense in  $H^\infty(B^n)$  when this space is endowed with the compact-open topology. Here, each  $L_k$  corresponds to a point  $z_k \in B^n$ .

The topic addressed here is the *size* of the set of such universal functions  $f$ . Theorem: There is a sequence  $(z_k) \subset B^n$  for which one can find an infinite dimensional closed subspace  $V \subset H^\infty(B^n)$  with the following property: Every  $f \in V$ ,  $\|f\| = 1$ , is universal with respect to the sequence  $(L_k)$ .

(joint work with Pamela Gorkin)